

4 Adding Polynomials

January 1, 2020 9:22 PM

Day 4

Different members of the same family placed the following orders. Simplify the orders by combining like items.



Roman Luke Sam

$$(2h + f) + (c + f + s) + (h + m + f) =$$

$$2h + f + c + f + s + h + m + f =$$

$$3h + 3f + c + s + m$$

$$(x + c) + (2f + c + x) + (m + 2f + c) =$$

$$x + c + 2f + c + x + m + 2f + c =$$

$$2x + 3c + 4f + m$$

$$(h + x + f) + (h + x + f) + (h + x + f) =$$

$$h + x + f + h + x + f + h + x + f =$$

$$3h + 3x + 3f$$

$$(3h + m) + (2c + f + m) + (c + m + 2f) =$$

$$3h + m + 2c + f + m + c + m + 2f =$$

$$3h + 3m + 3c + 3f$$

$$(4c + f + m) + (3h + f + m) - h + c =$$

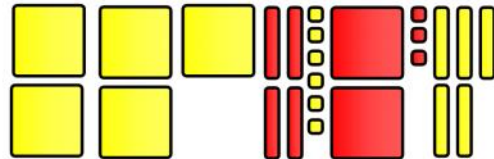
$$(3h + 2f + x) + (c + f + m) - (h + m + f) =$$

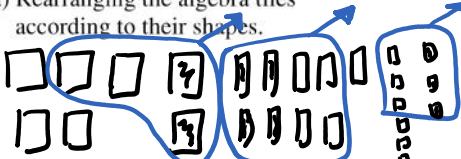
$$(5h + 3f + 2m) - (h + f + m) + (c + 2x) =$$

$$(3h + f + x) + (h + f + m) - (h + f) + c =$$

Like terms: $3x^2 + x^2$
 but x^2 and x^1 are **same variable + same exponent**
 Day 4

not like terms 5.3 - Adding Polynomials
 Focus: Use different Strategies to Add polynomials

Recall:  $5x^2 - 4x + 6 - 2x^2 - 3 + 5x$
 State the simplified polynomial by:

a) Rearranging the algebra tiles according to their shapes.


b) Removing zero pairs.

c) Drawing the remaining tiles.

Simplified Polynomial: $3x^2 + x + 3$



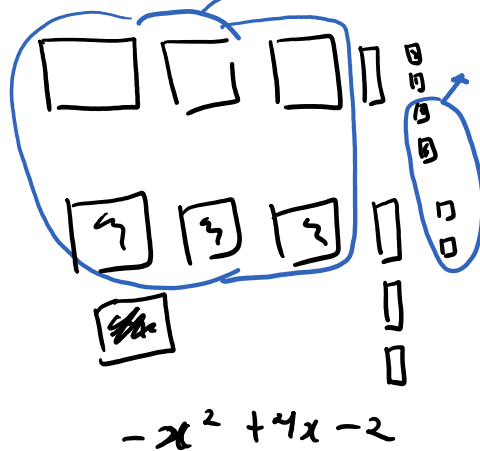
Adding Polynomials

When we write the **sum of two polynomials**, we write each polynomial in **(brackets)**.

To add polynomials, we can use a few different methods.

- 1) Using Algebra Tiles
- 2) Combine like terms **by adding their coefficients**

Ex. 1: Determine the sum of the polynomials $3x^2 + x - 4$ and $-4x^2 + 3x + 2$ using Algebra tiles.



$-x^2 + 4x - 2$

$(3x^2 + x - 4) + (-4x^2 + 3x + 2)$
 Steps: ① Remove brackets
 $3x^2 + x - 4 - 4x^2 + 3x + 2$
 ② Collect like terms
 $3x^2 - 4x^2 + x + 3x - 4 + 2$
 $-x^2 + 4x - 2$

Ex. 2: Add without using algebra tiles: $(8a-4) + (-12a^2-3a-13)$

- ① Remove brackets $8a-4 + -12a^2 -3a-13$
- ② Collect like terms $-12a^2 + 8a -3a -4-13$
- ③ Add coefficients of like terms $-12a^2 + 5a -17$

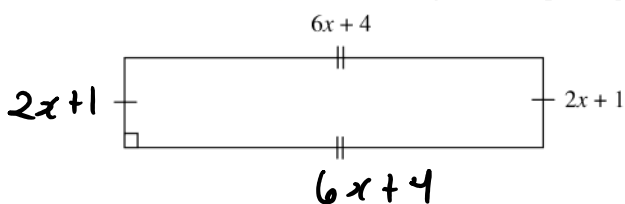
When Adding polynomials, we can add horizontally like above or we can also align the polynomials according to like terms and add vertically.

Ex. 3: Add $(3x^2-4x+5y-8xy+4y^2) + (-6y-8x+7x^2-4xy-3y^2)$

$$\begin{array}{r}
 3x^2 - 4x + 5y - 8xy + 4y^2 \\
 7x^2 - 8x - 6y - 4xy - 3y^2 \\
 \hline
 10x^2 - 12x - y - 12xy + y^2
 \end{array}$$

→ distance around the edge

Ex. 4: Write the Perimeter of the rectangle as a simplified polynomial.



$$\begin{array}{l}
 6x + 4 \\
 6x + 4 \\
 2x + 1 \\
 2x + 1
 \end{array}$$

The perimeter is $16x + 10$.

HW Assignment
Section 5.3 pg. 228 # 3, 5 - 7, 8 - 9 (aceg), 10a, 12, 14, 15ace, 16, 17